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OFFICE OF  
Indian Affairs  
Rec. APR 25

1902

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Indian Industrial School,

Carlisle, Pa. Apr 23 1902

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Pratt, R. H.,

Lt. Col. 15th Cav'y, Supt.

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Replying to Circular letter  
"Education" dated Apr. 9, 1902  
giving per capita, total +  
average cost of collecting +  
forwarding pupils; recom-  
mendations. etc.

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Department of the Interior,  
INDIAN SCHOOL SERVICE,

Carlisle, Pa., April 23, 1902 .

To The Honorable,

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs,  
Washington, D. C.

Sir :

In response to circular letter "Education" dated April 9, 1902, I have the honor to make the following report, the numbers corresponding to those in your communication :-

1st. The Carlisle Indian Industrial School, Carlisle, Pa.

2nd. The location of the school in the Cumberland Valley very near the mountains makes the conditions all that could be desired with respect to health. Changes of temperature are not extreme nor likely to be sudden.

3rd. The school owns two splendidly equipped farms of 109 and 175 acres respectively, which are kept in a very high state of cultivation, producing vegetables and grain for the school and feed for the stock. On one of these farms a dairy is maintained, the milk being furnished by 49 cows of the Jersey and Alderney breeds.

Our facilities for instruction in the mechanical arts cannot be excelled. Training is given in shoemaking, harnessmaking, blacksmithing, carriage and wagon making, house, carriage and sign painting, <sup>(try,</sup>carpen-  
tailoring, tinning, printing, and in engineering, plumbing and steam-fitting. In these departments attention is being turned more and more toward instruction and less and less importance is attached to the quantity of the output.



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In the domestic arts instruction is given in all lines of house keeping, and special instruction in sewing under the direction of a superintendent and six assistants. A cooking department gives training in the preparing of food, a teacher being employed who has specially fitted herself in this line. The courses in domestic arts and in farming and dairying are important features at Carlisle, but greater stress is placed upon our Outing System, the results from which are infinitely better than could be obtained from any system of training in these lines that could be devised at any Indian school. At this time 525 of the Carlisle children are in country homes in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and Delaware and by the end of June not fewer than 200 more will have gone. Under these circumstances the boys learn what farming for profit means, and the girls the way a well ordered house should be kept and is kept in the homes of America.

4. The following is a list of all the pupils admitted during the past year, showing railroad point, number from each place, per capita cost, total cost, and average cost of each pupil brought. This is not an estimate, but is taken from our vouchers and includes every expense connected with the transfer of students.

Pupils received during 9 months of fiscal year 1902.

No. of pupils.	Railroad or other point of transportation.	Cost per capita.	Total cost.
11	Kodiak, Alaska.	\$79.76	\$877.36
2	Boston, Mass.	8.66	17.32
1	Fresno, Cal.	53.28	53.28
1	Grand Junction, Colo.	32.78	32.78
1	Valentine, Neb.	25.00	25.00
12	Stroud, Okla.	36.87	442.44
6	St. George, Utah.	53.22	319.32
7	Grand Forks, N. D.	24.08	168.56
1	McAlester, I. T.	27.70	27.70



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No. of pupils.	Railroad or other point of transportation.	Cost per capita.	Total cost.
1	Gordon, Neb.	\$ 28.80	\$ 28.80
5	Whittier, N. Car.	19.00	95.00
2	Carson City, Nev.	49.30	98.60
3	Darlington, Okla.	33.95	101.85
9	Chemawa, Ore.	74.62	671.58
11	DePere, Wis.	25.51	280.61
1	Chicago, Ill.	11.03	11.03
1	Temecula, Cal.	54.10	54.10
1	Hayward, Wis.	17.16	17.16
1	Irving, New York.	5.42	5.42
9	Wyandotte, I. T.	28.39	255.51
1	Pender, Neb.	18.86	18.86
1	Akron, New York.	5.46	5.46
2	St. Cloud, Minn.	17.93	35.86
14	Gettysburg, S. Dakota.	29.92	418.88
1	Rushville, Neb.	28.14	28.14
1	Genesee, Idaho	38.40	38.40
1	Gowanda, New York.	5.38	5.38
1	Wabasha, Minn.	20.58	20.58
2	Kansas City, Mo.	31.05	62.10
1	Washington, D. C.	2.15	2.15
14	Casa Grande, Arizona.	54.55	763.70
5	Buffalo, New York.	4.98	24.90
15	Minot, N. Dakota.	27.51	412.65
1	Ponca City, Okla.	34.47	34.47
1	Sanborn, New York.	5.82	5.82
1	Tacoma, Wash.	46.78	46.78
1	LaCrosse, Wis.	14.98	14.98
1	Fort Sill, Okla.	36.53	36.53
2	Greenville, Cal.	55.57	111.14
1	Reno, Nevada.	48.30	48.30
1	Kildare, Okla.	30.83	30.83
1	Springfield, S. Dakota.	26.79	26.79
5	North Lapwai, Idaho.	48.41	242.05
8	Seattle, Wash.	49.82	398.56
11	New York, Brooklyn, & Jersey City, N. J. (Porto Ricans)	3.94	43.34
33	Nyando, New York.	15.66	516.78
3	Syracuse, New York.	3.95	11.85
7	By own cost	-----	-----
222		\$ 1395.39	\$ 6988.70

Average cost per capita \$ 31.48.

5th. Recommendation is made that the same freedom be given Carlisle in the future as has been in past years in the collection of children. No bad results have been discovered and it would seem best



that any young Indian person who desires to get into civilization be allowed to come, no matter what part of the United States he hails from.

The health of the pupils at Carlisle does not seem to bear any special relation to the place from which they are taken. We find that the children who come to us from the different reservations maintain about the same condition of health they probably would if they remained at home and as those similarly circumstanced who do remain at home, with a probable increased vitality that in many instances accrues from more regular habits and better food and clothing.

Very respectfully,

  
Acting Supt.

Dictated(P)